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[Claim 1] A colored composition comprising at least one kind of azo dye having a maximum absorption wavelength λ max of between 390 nm and 470 nm, and an oxidation potential nobler than 1.0 V (vs SCE).

[Claim 2] The colored composition set forth in Claim 1, in which the ratio $(I(\lambda \max + 70)/I(\lambda \max))$ of the absorbance at the maximum absorption wavelength $\lambda \max$: $I(\lambda \max)$ to that at the wavelength of $(\lambda \max + 70 \text{ nm})$: $I(\lambda \max + 70)$ is 0.2 or less. [Claim 3] The colored composition set forth in Claim 1 or Claim 2, in which the azo dye is one represented by the following formula (1):

[Chemical Compound 1]

Formula (1)

[In formula (1), each of R¹ and R³ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an aralkyl group, an alkoxy group or an aryl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an aralkyl group, a carbamoyl group, an acyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group; either

of X or Y represents a nitrogen atom and the other represents $-CR^4$, R^4 represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, an alkyl group, an alkylthio group, an alkylsulfonyl group, an alkylsulfinyl group, an alkyloxycarbonyl group, a carbamoyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryl group, an arylthio group, arylsulfonyl group, arylsulfinyl group, aryloxy group or an acylamino group, and each of these substituents may further have a substituent.]

[Claim 4] An inkjet recording method comprising forming an image on an image-receiving material by using an ink for inkjet recording, wherein the colored composition set forth any one of Claims 1 to 3 is used as the ink for inkjet recording.

[Claim 5] Amethod of enhancing an ozone resistance comprising forming an image by using the colored composition set forth in any one of Claims 1 to 3 to obtain an color image having an enhanced ozone resistance.